## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



## F1 ROOFING RESIN

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

## Section 1: identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertakingree and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product Identifier

Product name F1 Roofing Resin

Chemical name Unsaturated polyester resin

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Resins for composites.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Game Keeper Cottage, Caistor Road, Swallow, Lincs. LN7 6DL www.F1grp.co.uk | Email: tony@F1grp.co.uk | Office: 01472 306090

## **Section 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Symbol(s) Xn - Harmful

R - phrase(s) R10 - Repr. Cat. 3; R63 - Xn;R48/20 - Xn;R20 - Xi;R36/37/38

## Classification of the substance or mixture - GHS/CLP (nº 1272/2008

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye irritation	Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity	Category 3
Flammable Liquids	Category 3

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## 2.2. Label elements

Contains Styrene







Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Physical hazards H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

**EUH**208 Contains phthalic anhydride- May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P260 - Do not breathe vapour

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

## 2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

**Hazardous components** 

Chemical Name	EC-No	REACH Registration Number	CAS-No	Weight percent	Classification (67/548)	GHS Classification
Styrene	202-851-5	01-2119457861-3 2	100-42-5	~ 37	R10 Repr. Cat. 3; R63 Xn; R20 Xn; R48/20 Xn; R65 Xi; R36/37/38	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Repr. 2 (H361d) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)

phthalic anhydride	201-607-5	01-2119457017-4 1	85-44-9	< 1	Xn; R22 Xi; R37/38 Xi; R41 R42/43	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Resp. Sens. 1 (H334) STOT SE 3 (H335)
Hydrophilic fumed silica	231-545-4	01-2119379499-1 6	112945-52-5	< 1	-	-
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl-	236-757-0	01-2119490725-2 9	13475-82-6	~ 0.3	R10 Xn; R65 R66 R53	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410) (EUH066)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	265-185-4	01-2119490979-1 2	64742-82-1	~ 0.1	R10 Xn;R65 N;R51/53 R66 R67	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H336) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

**Eye Contact** Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes

If skin irritation persists, call a physician

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air

If not breathing, give artificial respiration

Consult a physician

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting

Rinse mouth. Consult a physician

See section 8 for more information

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye Contact Irritating to eyes

Skin contact Irritating to skin

May produce an allergic reaction.

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system May produce an allergic reaction.

**Ingestion** Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), (closed systems)

Extinguishing Media Which Must not be Used for Safety Reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special exposure hazards arising from the substance or preparation itself, combustion products, resulting gases

**Special exposure hazards arising** Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapours are heavier than air. They **from the substance or preparation** will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks)

Heating or fire can release toxic gas : Carbon monoxide

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

**Other information** Cool containers / tanks with water spray.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

accordance with local regulations.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Personal precautions Remove all sources of ignition

Heat, flames and sparks.

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

Ensure adequate ventilation
Use personal protective equipment

For emergency responders

Avoid breathing vapours or mists In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe

fumes. Use personal protective equipment

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions**The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand,

earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13)

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for more information

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling Avoid static electricity build up with connection to earth

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

For personal protection see section 8

Prevention of fire and explosion Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition Do not use

compressed air for filling, discharging or handling. Empty containers may contain

flammable or explosive vapours

Hygiene measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke provide regular cleaning of equipment, work

area and clothing Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage

conditions

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep at temperature not exceeding 30°C Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Peroxides, Reducing agents

Packageing material Metallic GRP Tanks (Reinforced Glass Polyester)

Unsuitable materials for containers Aluminium copper Copper alloys

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) No information available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure limits

Chemical Name	European Union	ACGIH OEL (Ceiling)	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene	-	TLV-8h TWA: 20 ppm - 85	STEL 250 ppm STEL	TWA 20 ppm TWA 85
100-42-5		mg/m³	1080 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	mg/m³
		TLV-15min STEL: 40 ppm -	TWA 100 ppm TWA 430	STEL 40 ppm STEL 170
		170 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	mg/m³	mg/m³
phthalic anhydride		TWA 1 ppm	STEL 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 4	TWA 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL 12
85-44-9			mg/m³ Sen+	mg/m³ Sensitizer

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Biological standards** 

Chemical Name	European Union	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene	-	We are not aware of any national	We are not aware of any national
100-42-5		exposure limit.	exposure limit.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

·	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)				
		Styrene (100-42-5)			
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark	
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		406 mg/Kg bw/day	85 mg/m³		
Norkers - Acute Short Term - 306 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Local effect					
Workers - Acute Short term - Systemic effect			289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

General Population - Acute Short Term - Local effect			182.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
General Population - Acute Short Term - Systemic effect			174.2 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	2.1 mg/Kg bw/day	343 mg/Kg bw/day	10.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

	phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)					
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		10 mg/kg bw/day	32.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	5 mg/kg bw/day	5 mg/kg bw/day	8.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

Hydrophilic fumed silica (112945-52-5)						
Type DNEL oral DNEL dermal DNEL inhalation Remark						
Workers - Long Term - 4 mg/m³ Systemic effect						

## **Predicted No Effect Concentration**

(PNEC)		
	PNEC Component	
	Styrene (100-42-5)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.028 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.014 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.04 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	0.614 mg/Kg.dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.307 mg/Kg.dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.2 mg/Kg.dw
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	5 mg/L

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)				
Exposure	Туре	PNEC		
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	1 mg/L		
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.1 mg/L		
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	5.6 mg/L		
	PNEC STP	10 mg/L		
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	3.8 mg/kg sediment dw		
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.38 mg/kg sediment dw		
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.173 mg/kg soil dw		

Hydrophilic fumed silica (112945-52-5)			
	Exposure	Туре	PNEC
	Secondary Poisoning	PNEC Oral	60000 mg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. **Engineering measures** 

When working in confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply of air suitable for breathing and wear the recommended equipment

Personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment. **General Information** 

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment

Breathing apparatus with filter

Type A

Respirator must be worn if exposed to dust

Effective dust mask

Type A/P2

**Eye protection**Safety glasses with side-shields
Do not wear contact lenses

Skin and body protection Antistatic boots

Protective shoes or boots.

Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing

Hand protection Impervious gloves, ,, Glove material, :, Neoprene, ,, Nitriles, ,, Viton (R), or, Polyvinyl

alcohol.

, Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or

chemical breakthrough.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remark</u>
Appearance	pink	
Physical state	Liquid	
Particle size		no data available
Odour	Styrene	
Odour Threshold		no data available
рН		no data available
pH (as aqueous solution)		no data available
Melting point/range	- 30 °C	Values related to styrene
Freezing point		no data available
Boiling point	145 °C	Values related to styrene
Flash point	31 °C	
Evapouration rate		no data available
Flammability Limits in Air		
upper	6,1 - 6,8%	Values related to styrene
lower	0,9 -1,1%	Values related to styrene
Vapour pressure	6 hPa	20°C
Vapour density	3.6	Values related to styrene
Density	1.1 - 1.15 g/cm3	20°C
Water solubility	Insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient:		no data available
n-octanol/water	400.00	.,,
Autoignition temperature	490 °C	Values related to styrene
Decomposition temperature	000 0450/-	no data available
Viscosity, kinematic	209 - 245 mm2/s	25°C
Viscosity, dynamic	230 - 270 mPa.s	25°C
Explosive properties		not applicable
Oxidizing properties		not applicable

## 9.2. Other information

<u>Property</u>	<u>vaiues</u>	<u>Remark</u>

Solubility in other solvents Soluble in most organic solvents

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

Product may ignite and burn at temperatures exceeding the flash point Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Hazardous polymerisation

Polymerisation can occur. 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to light.

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Peroxides, Reducing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Incomplete combustion and thermolysis produces potentially toxic gases such as carbon

monoxide and carbon dioxide products

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) 24h OECD 402	11.8 mg/L (Rat) 4h CSR	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	1530 mg/kg bw (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg bw (Rabbit)	> 2.14 mg/L (Rat) 4h OECD 403	
Hydrophilic fumed silica 112945-52-5	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.14 mg/L air (Rat) 4h (analytical) OECD 403	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- 13475-82-6	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 401	>= 3160 mg/kg bw (Rabbit) Similar to OECD 402	> 4,95 mg/L (Rat) 4h Similar to OECD 403	

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Chemical Name	Skin corrosion/irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	Irritating to skin	
100-42-5	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
phthalic anhydride	Irritating to skin	
85-44-9	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
Hydrophilic fumed silica	No skin irritation	
112945-52-5	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl-	No skin irritation	
13475-82-6	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
	similar to	
	OECD 404	

## Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Chemical Name	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay rabbit	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay rabbit Draize Test	
Hydrophilic fumed silica 112945-52-5	No eye irritation rabbit OECD 405	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- 13475-82-6	No eye irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 405	

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May produce an allergic reaction.

Chemical Name	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization CSR	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
Hydrophilic fumed silica 112945-52-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- 13475-82-6	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig similar to OECD 406	

## Mutagenic Effects

## In vitro study

Chemical Name		Ames test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5		Ambiguous vitro gene mutation study in bacteria urium G46, TA1530, TA 1535, TA100, TA98, TA1538, TA 1537) OECD 471	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9		negative vitro gene mutation study in bacteria nurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) OECD 471	
Hydrophilic fumed silica 112945-52-5	In	negative vitro gene mutation study in bacteria OECD 471	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- 13475-82-6		negative vitro gene mutation study in bacteria murium, other: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA 100, TA 1538) similar to OECD 471	
Component	In vitro study		Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5 ( ~ 37 )	Ambiguous In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476		

phthalic anhydride 85-44-9 ( < 1 )	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
Hydrophilic fumed silica 112945-52-5 ( < 1 )	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells OECD 476	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl 13475-82-6 ( ~ 0.3 )	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster similar to OECD 476	
Chemical Name	Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	positive Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473 OECD 479	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	phthalic anhydride Ambiguous	
Hydrophilic fumed silica 112945-52-5	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- 13475-82-6	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro similar to OECD 473	

## in vivo assay

Chemical Name	Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	negative mouse OECD 486 OECD 474	
Hydrophilic fumed silica 112945-52-5	negative rat	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- 13475-82-6	negative mouse similar to OECD 474	

Carcinogenicity Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects

Carcinogenicity						
Styrene (100-42-5)						
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation		
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC systemic (carcinogenicity) >= 4.34 mg/L air (nominal)	negative		
Inhalation	OECD 453	mouse	LOAEC (carcinogenicity) female/male = 0.09 - 0.18 mg/L air resp., NOAEC (carcinogenicity) male = 0.09 mg/L air	positive		
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) >= 2000 mg/kg bw /day	positive		
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (carcinogenicity) = 150 mg/kg bw /day	positive		

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation

Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (carcinogenicity, male) = 3570 mg/kg	negative
			bw/day (72w) NOAEL (carcinogenicity, female) = 1785 mg/kg bw/day (72w)	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w)	negative
		•	•	
Hydrophilic fumed silica	• •	0	lp	In
Exposure routes Oral	Method OECD 453	Species rat	Dose NOAEL = 1800 - 3200 mg/kg bw/day	Evaluation negative
Reproductive toxicity	Animal testing of	lid not show anv	effects on fertility	1
Reproductive toxicity			,	
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility) 60d = 100 - 200 mg/kg bw/day	positive
Oral	OECD 422	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility) 60d = 200 - 400 mg/kg bw/day	positive
Inhalation	OECD 416	rat	NOAEC (P, F1) = 0.64 mg/L air LOAEC (P, F1) = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (F2) = 0.21 mg/L air LOAEC (F2) = 0.64 mg/L air (70d)	negative
phthalic anhydride (85-44	1_0\			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (reproductive, male) = 3570 mg/kg bw/day (72w) NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1785 mg/kg bw/day (72w)	negative
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w)	negative
	(440045 = 0.5)			•
Hydrophilic fumed silica	(112945-52-5) Method	Species	Door	Evaluation
Exposure routes Oral	OECD 415	Species	Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg	Evaluation
	OECD 413	rat	bw/day	negative
	41 1 (404=05.5)			
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentar		0	lp	E
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	Read-across (Analogy) decane, undecane similar to OECD 422	rat	NOAEL (P/F1) >= 1000 mg/kg bw/day	negative
Developmental Toxicit Developmental Toxicity	sy Suspected of da	amaging the unbo	orn child.	
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Route of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air	positive

Inhalation	OECD 414	LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air	positive
Inhalation	OECD 414	NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air	negative
Inhalation	OECD 414	NOAEC (maternal toxicity + developmental toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air	negative

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)						
Route of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation		
	Read-across (Analogy) phthalic acid Cas N° : 88-99-3		NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) = 1700 mg/kg bw/day	positive		

Hydrophilic fumed silica (112945-52-5)						
Route of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation		
Oral	OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal toxicit = 1350 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) 1350 mg/kg bw/day	~   °		

Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- (13475-82-6)						
Route of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation		
Inhalation	similar to OECD 414		NOAEL (maternal toxicity/developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 5220 mg/m³ air	negative		

# **Specific target organ toxicity -** May cause irritation of respiratory tract single exposure

Chemical Name	STOT - single exposure	Remark
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	May cause respiratory irritation	
Hydrophilic fumed silica 112945-52-5	Not classified	

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Chemical Name	STOT - repeated exposure	Remarks
Styrene 100-42-5	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure target organ(s) Central nervous system Ears  NOAEC (inhalation, rat, male) = 3.47 mg/L air (28d), NOAEC (ototoxicity) = 2.13 mg/L air (28d) NOAEC (inhalation, mouse) = 0.181 mg/L air (28d), OECD 412 NOAEC (inhalation, rat) = 0.688 mg/L air (28d), OECD 412 NOAEC nasal tract. (inhalation, rat) = 0.85 mg/L air (90d), NOAEC overall (inhalation, rat) = 2.13 mg/L air (90d) NOAEL toxicity (oral, rat) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day, LOAEL toxicity (oral, rat) = 2000 mg/kg bw/day, NOAEL toxicity (oral, mouse) = 150 mg/kg bw/day, LOAEC local toxicity (inhalation, rat) = 0.21 mg/L air, OFCD 453	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	NOAEL (oral, rat) 7 weeks = 1250 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL (oral, rat) 7 weeks = 2500 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (oral, rat) 105 weeks = 500 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL male/female (mouse) 72 weeks : 2340 - 1717 mg/kg bw/day	

Hydrophilic fumed silica	Not classified	
112945-52-5	NOEL (oral, rat) = 4000 <= 4500 mg/kg bw/day (90d)	
	OECD 408	
	NOEC (inhalation, rat) = 1.3 mg/m³ air (analytical),	
	NOEC < 1.3 mg/m³ air (analytical) (90d) OECD 413	
	NOAEL (dermal, rabbit) >= 10000 mg/kg bw/day	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl-	NOAEC (inhalation, mouse) 17d >= 400 ppm, similar to	
13475-82-6	OECD 412	
	NOAEL oral, rat) 13 weeks>= 1000 mg/kg bw/day,	
	similar to OECD 408	
	NOAEL (inhalation, rat) 13 weeks >= 1,16 mg/L, OECD	
	413	
	"INHALATION:	
	105 weeks, rat	
	NOAEC No treatment-related mortality or significant	
	adverse clinical effects occurred (inhalation, rat) 105	
	weeks >= 400 ppm, NOAEC Based on male rat specific	
	alpha 2u-globulin-induced nephropathy. Humans do not	
	produce this protein (inhalation, rat) 105 weeks = 25	
	ppm, similar to OECD 453	

Due to the viscosity, this product does not present an aspiration hazard. **Aspiration hazard** 

Other information None

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1. Toxicity**Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

## Acute aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene 100-42-5	LC50 (72h) = 4.9 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) EPA OTS 797.1050	EC50 (48h) = 4.7 mg/L (Daphnia magna), NOEC = 1.9 mg/L OECD 202	LC50 (96h) = 4.02 - 10 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) OECD 203	EC (30min) = 500 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage) OECD 209
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	EC50 (72h) = 68 mg/L, NOEC (72h) = 32 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) OECD 201	EC50 (48h) = 71 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 99 mg/L (Oryzias latipes) OECD 203	EC50 (3h) > 1000 mg/L (Activated sludge), ISO 8192 EC50 (16h) = 13 mg/L (Pseusomonas putida), ISO 10712
Hydrophilic fumed silica 112945-52-5		EL50 (24h) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 10000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) OECD 203	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- 13475-82-6	EC50 (72h) > 22.5 µg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus) OECD 201	EC50 (48h) > 1.3 mg/L (Daphnia magna) ASTM E729-88 Read across with Cas N°: 918-271-7	LC50 (96h) > 2.8 µg/L (Danio rerio) OECD 203	

## Chronic aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene		NOEC (21d) = 1.01 mg/L		
100-42-5		(Daphnia magna), LOEC		
		(21d) = 2.06 mg/L, EC50		
		(21d) = 1.88  mg/L		
		OECD 203		

phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	(re	EC (reproduction) 21d = 16 mg/L, EC50 eproduction) 21d = 42 g/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211	LC50 (7d) = 560 mg/L (Danio rerio), OECD 210 LOEC (total embryotoxicity ) 60d = 32 mg/L, NOEC (mortality, lengh, weight, embryotoxicity) 60d = 10 mg/L, OECD 210	
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- 13475-82-6	repr	NOEC (immobility & roduction) 21d = 0.013 g/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211	NOELR (28d) = 0.267 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) QSAR	

## Effects on terrestrial organisms - Component Information

Acute toxicity						
	phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)					
Acute toxicity	Test Method	Species	Values	Remarks		
plants		Lactuca sativa	EC50 (germination) = 731			
			mg/L	ļ		

Chronic toxicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Chronic toxicity	Method	Species	Values	Remarks
Toxicity to invertebrates	OECD 207	Eisenia foetida	LC50 (14d) = 120 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (burrowing time and mean percent weight change) = 65 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (survival) = 180 mg/kg soil dw NOEC (mean percent	
			NOEC (mean percent weight change) = 34 mg/kg soil dw	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Biodegradation	Evaluation
Styrene 100-42-5 ( ~ 37 )	87% (20d) similar to OECD 301D	Readily biodegradable
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9 ( < 1 )	68 % (10d), 74 % (30d) OECD 301 D	Readily biodegradable
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl- 13475-82-6 ( ~ 0.3 )	14 % (31dd) EPA OTS 796.3100, Read across with Cas N°: 918-271-7	Not inherently biodegradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Styrene (100-42-5)			
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
Calculation method		74	

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)		
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Calculation method		3.16 - 3.4

Chemical Name	log Pow
Styrene	3
100-42-5	
phthalic anhydride	1.6
85-44-9	

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Styrene 100-42-5	2.55	352
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	-	31

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Chemical Name	PBT	vPvB
100-42-5	persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
85-44-9		This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
7		This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
13475-82-6	persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

## 12.6. Autres effets néfastes

None known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Other information According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the

product was used.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

## ADR/RID

**UN-No** UN1866

**Hazard class** 

Resin solution Proper shipping name

Packing group Ш **Classification Code** F1 **Tunnel restriction code** (D/E) **ADR Hazard Id (Kemmler** 

Number)

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (D/E) Description

Limited quantity LQ7

## IMDG/IMO

UN1866 **UN-No** 

**Hazard class** 3

Proper shipping name Resin solution

Packing group Ш NP Marine pollutant F-E, S-E **EmS** 

Description UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (31°C c.c.)

Limited quantity 5 L

#### ICAO/IATA

UN-No UN1866
Hazard class 3
Packing group III
ERG Code 3L

**Description** UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

Limited quantity 10 L

## **ADN**

UN-No UN1866

Hazard class 3

Proper shipping name Resin solution

Packing group III
Classification Code F1
Special Provisions 640E

**Description** UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

Limited quantity LQ7 ventilation VE01

## **Special precautions for users**

Special precautions No information available

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**European Union** 

Chemical Name	96/82/EC (SEVESO) - §9	96/82/EC (SEVESO) - §6, §7
Styrene - 100-42-5	50000	5000 tonnes
		50000 tonnes

## National regulatory information

## The United Kingdom

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

#### Ireland

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

not applicable

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

EUH208 - May produce an allergic reaction

## Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

R10 - Flammable

R20 - Harmful by inhalation

R22 - Harmful if swallowed

R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes

R53 - May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R63 - Possible risk of harm to the unborn child

R65 - Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

R66 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

R67 - Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

R36/37/38 - Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R37/38 - Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R42/43 - May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

R48/20 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R51/53 - Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Former date 24-Sep-2013 Revision Date 24-Sep-2014

**Revision Note** 

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**